マヤコ Mayako	TRACK Vaasa Finland RACE National Race 2 DATE June 2022	TRACK SIZE ☐ TIGHT ■ MEDIUM ■ OPEN SURFACE ☐ DUSTY ■ BLUE GROOVE ■ LOW GRIP ☐ MEDIUM GRIP ☐ HIGH GRIP CONDITION ■ SMOOTH ☐ BUMPY ☐ 50/50 ■ CLAY ☐ GROOVE WITH DUST ☐ EDGY
V. 1.2 - UPPER LINKS	TEMP 20C° BEST LAP 30.8 BEST R	RESULT QUALIFYING POS. 2 FINAL POS. 2
PIUG P3 PIPE 2141 FUEL	CLUTCH Mayako FRONT DIFF OIL CLUTCH SHOES 3xAlu CENTER DIFF OIL CLUTCH SPRINGS 2x1.0 1x0.9 REAR DIFF OIL RUNTIME 09:00	12.5K ULT OIL QUANTITY(gr) 6g DIFF PINION 14
LENGTH 105mm VISIBLE SHAFT LENGTH REBOUND 0% FRONT SHOCK □LONG SH	O% OCKS EMULSION TYPE BLADDER IYB0142-01 O% SERVO SAVER ON ACKERMAN ON KNUCKLE UP DOWN SHIM O mm OSHIM O mm OSHIM O mm	☐ FRONT ☐ MIDDLE ☐ REAR ☐ CASTER ☐ CASTER ☐ CASTER 1 (1 MARK)
CHASSIS FRONT CAMBER -2°	REAR -3.5° REAR -3.5° A PLATE B D 0.5	+1mm SHIM
RIDE HEIGHT 24 DOWNTRAVEL (WITHTYRES) 65 DOWNTRAVEL (on 36mm blocks) ANTI ROLL BARS 2.2	26 65 ARM INSERT NO PLASTIC CARBON 2.4	SHOCK TOWER ALUMINIUM CARBON OPTIONAL REAR HUB OP
BRAKE BALANCE 50% ENGINE MOUNT FORWARD (+2mm) BACKWARD (-2mm) THROTTLE SHORT SERVO MOUNT LONG WEIGHT		
TYRES FRONT BRAND	REAR A mm 5 mm G mm SPACER IN FRONT OF HUB 3 mm REAR AXLE CVD L	UNIVERSAL 91
TREAD COMPOUND WHEELS INSERTS GLUED YES TO WHEEL NO	TOE 3° 1,5° 0,5° 1	C PLATE D PLATE TOWER
RADIO SETTINGS THROTTLE DUAL RATE SPEED EXPO SERVO MODEL Savox 2292 THROTTLE	STEERING BODYSHELL Mayako MX8 WING BRAND Mayako WING MODEL Mayako STD WING POSITION 1 2 3 4 1 IS FRONT HOLE (WING BACK)	OTES mm Chassis bition high, long link rear tower
ELECTRIC EPA	WING FLAPS ☐ BIG ☐ SMALL ☐ BOTH GURNEY ☐ NO ■ SMALL ☐ BIG	

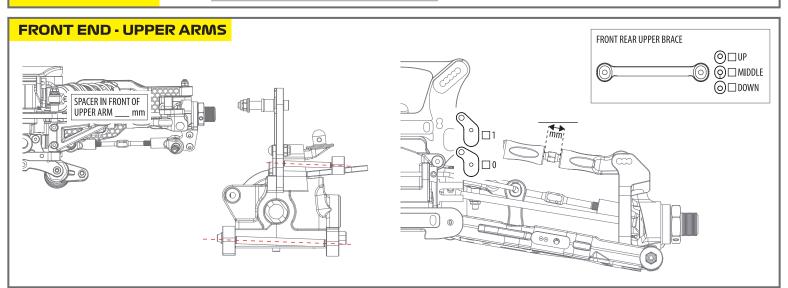


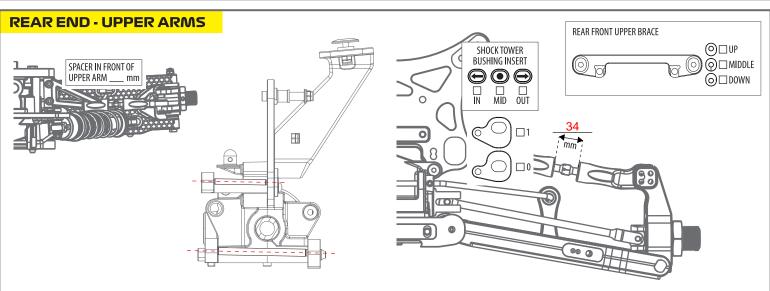
SETUP SHEET V. 1.0 - UPPER ARMS

TRACK Vaasa Finland

RACE National Race 2 DATE June 2022

NOTE





ADJUSTING UPPER ARMS

The upper arm angle is to be matched to the lower arm angle. There is a compromise for the upper arm, as a .5 change for the upper arm is so small.

The way to understand how to adjust the upper arm is as follows

1. When you have the same inserts, in the same direction in the front and rear blocks (A-B, or C-D), you should use the 0 insert for the upper arm. *Example:*

When you run 0-0, .5 down - .5 down, or 1 up - 1 up in the A-B, or C-D blocks, those are all examples of running the same inserts and direction in both blocks. This means you should run the 0 (middle) insert for the upper arm.

2. When you have a 1mm difference between the inserts in the front and rear blocks (A-B, or C-D), you need to use the 1 (end) insert for the upper arm, in the same direction as the lower arm is angled, either larger or smaller angle.

Example:

When you run 0-1 down, 1 up - 0, or .5 up - .5 down, those are all examples of a 1mm difference and a larger angle.

You would need to run the 1 insert (end) down for the upper arm, making it a larger angle to match.

The opposite is true when you reduce the lower arm angle by a 1mm difference.

3. When you have a .5 difference between the inserts in the front and rear blocks (A-B, or C-D), you can chose to run either the 0 insert, or the 1 insert for the upper arm, matching the direction of the angle change of the lower arm.

Example:

When you run 0 - .5 up, .5 down - 0 or 1 down - .5 down, those are all examples of a .5mm difference and a smaller angle.

You would need to run the 0 insert, or 1 insert up for the upper arm. The opposite is true when you increase the lower arm angle by a .5mm difference.

The way to understand how to adjust the upper arm related to TOE IN is as follows

1.5° toe in: arrow inwards

3.0° toe in: arrow outwards