1/10 LUXURY ELECTRIC TOURING CAR



INSTRUCTION MANUAL

FOR T4'20 EDITION

BEFORE YOU START

www.teamxray.com

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED AS ABUSE AND/OR NEGLECT.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

IMPORTANT NOTES GENERAL

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•

R C & BUILDING TIPS

ARRANTY

Limitations of Liability

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D

RA MODEL RA IN

UALITY CERTIFICATE

Α

ARS

SYMBOLS USED





Assemble in the specified order





Ü Ü L=R



П







Cn.









Scale















Tighten screw gently





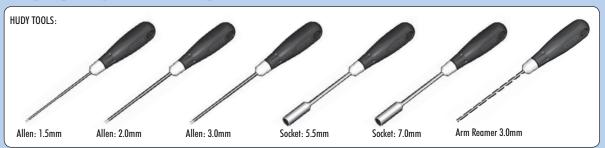








TOOLS RE UIRED



















ITEMS INCLUDED



Graphite Grease

(HUDY #106210)





NOT INCLUDED



To ensure that you always have access to the most up-to-date version of the XRAY Set-up Book, XRAY will now be offering only the digital online version on our website www.teamxray.com. By offering this online version instead of including a hardcopy printed version in kits, you will always be assured of having the most current updated version.



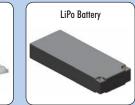
#30XXXX OPTION 3

XRAY offers wide range of optional tuning parts which are listed in tables like these. Please refer to the exploded view of each main section to verify which part is included in the kit while all other parts are available only as an optional part and must be purchased separately.

E **UIPMENT RE**



190mm Bodyshell



Receiver



UIRED















COLOR INDICATIONS

At the beginning of each section is an exploded view of the parts to be assembled. There is also a list of all the parts and part numbers that are related to the assembly of that section.

The part descriptions are color-coded to make it easier for you to identify the source of a part. Here are what the different colors mean:

STYLE A - indicates parts that are included in the bag marked for the section.

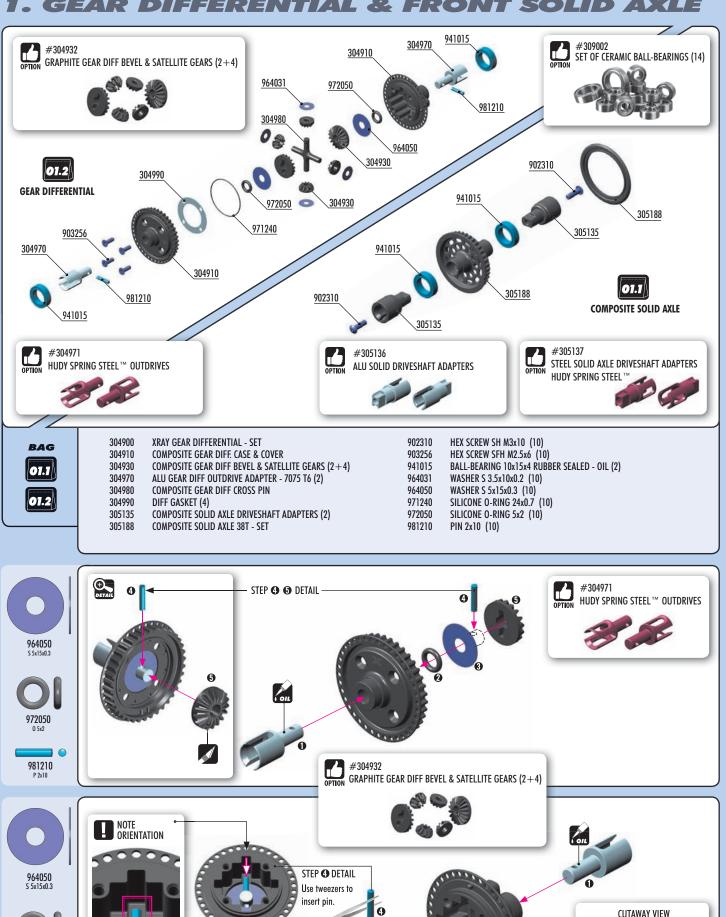
STYLE B - indicates parts that are included in the box.

STYLE C - indicates parts that are already assembled from previous steps.

CHASSIS PREPARATION

To protect and seal edges of graphite parts, sand edges smooth and then apply CA glue. Do this for: chassis edges, countersunk holes, and shock towers. REAR RONT **BOTTOM BOTTOM** RONT REAR Apply only a bit of CA glue in the countersunk holes. Apply only a bit of CA glue in the countersunk holes.

1. GEAR DIFFERENTIAL & FRONT SOLID AXLE



0 5x2

1. GEAR DIFFERENTIAL & FRONT SOLID AXLE





TO ENSURE YOU HAVE THE SAME AMOUNT OF OIL FROM REBUILD TO REBUILD, DO THE FOLLOWING:



v	of the and (willion on) on the state and theth the	
wei	pht (approximately 7.90g)	

TIPS FOR DIFFERENTIALS T			
LOW TRACTION	MEDIUM TRACTION	HIGH TRACTION	SUPER-HIGH TRACTION
1.000cSt (HUDY #106410) 2.000cSt (HUDY #106420)	2.000cSt (HUDY #106420) 3.000cSt (HUDY #106430) 4.000cSt (HUDY #106440) 5.000cSt (HUDY #106450)	5.000cSt (HUDY #106450) 6.000cSt (HUDY #106460) 7.000cSt (HUDY #106470) 8.000cSt (HUDY #106480) 9.000cSt (HUDY #106490) 10.000cSt (HUDY #106510)	10.000cSt (HUDY #106510) 15.000cSt (HUDY #106515) 20.000cSt (HUDY #106520)



SOFTER oil increases rear traction, HARDER oil increases on-power steering and stability. It is important not to use soft oils in high-traction conditions as this would not increase traction, but would make the car loose as the car would become too

However, if the oil is too soft, it could generate the same effect like the car has no traction. Therefore it is very important to choose the correct oil very carefully. We recommend using softer oil first, then try harder oil to better understand the effect on the car's behavior at the track. Choose the oil accordingly.



To increase on-power steering and cornering speed, the gear diff can also be used in the front. NOTE: If you use the gear diff in the front, we recommend using optional #304971 HUDY Spring Steel™ outdrives because the stress on the outdrives in the front is much higher than in the rear.

USE THESE OILS FOR FRONT DIFFERENTIAL

TIP TIPS FOR FRONT DIFFERENTIAL

(HUDY #106650) 500.000cSt 1 000.000cSt (HUDY #106692) 2 000.000cSt (HUDY #106694)

To make the front differential tighter, you can use cleaning gum instead of oil.

IMPORTANT!

Using cleaning gum instead of oil in the gear differential can lead to gear breakage because the gears are working under dry conditions.



#104002 HUDY AIR VAC — VACUUM PUMP



To make sure that all the air is removed from the diff oil, we recommend using the HUDY Air Vac.



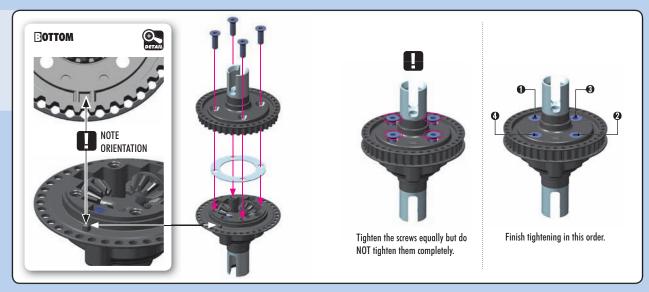




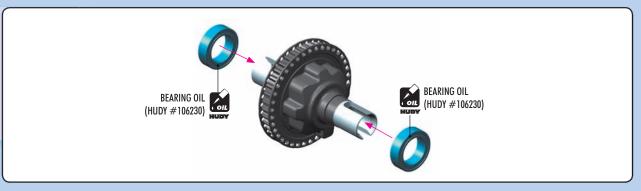
After disassembling the gear diff the large O-ring may have an increased size and may be more difficult to re-install. We recommend either inserting the old O-ring carefully in the diff cover, or replacing the old O-ring with a new O-ring if the old one cannot be made to fit properly.

1. GEAR DIFFERENTIAL & FRONT SOLID AXLE

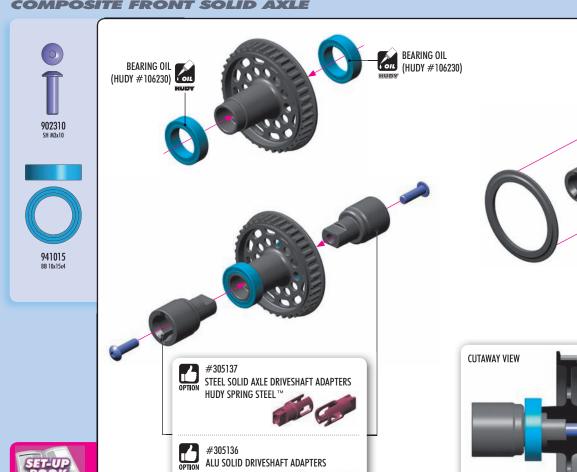








COMPOSITE FRONT SOLID AXLE

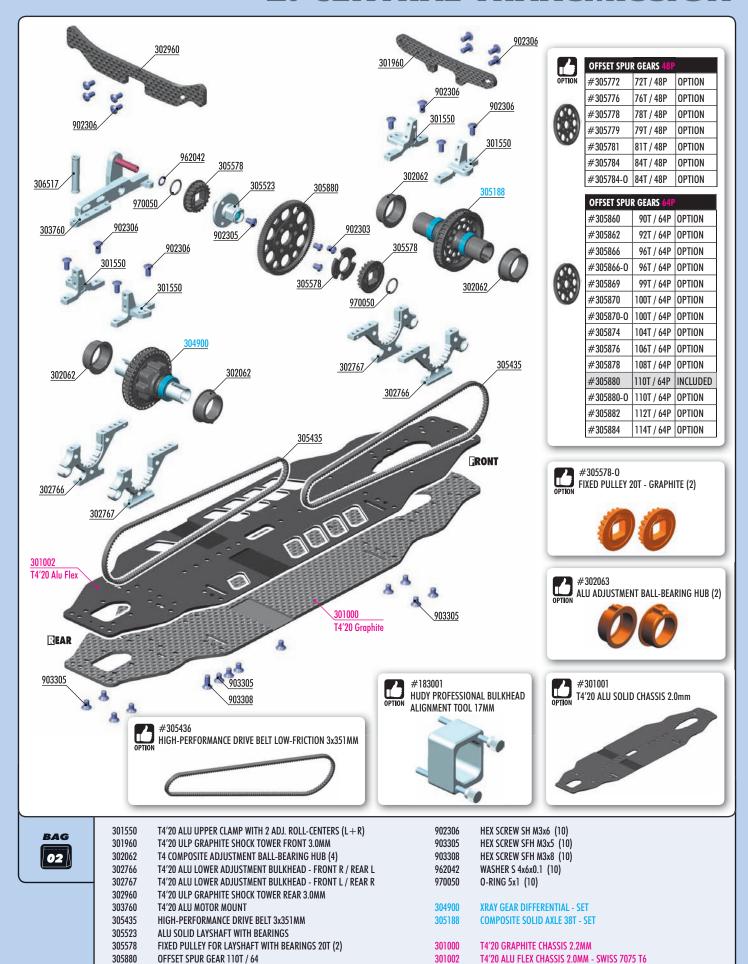








2. CENTRAL TRANSMISSION



7 6 45 20

306517

902303

902305

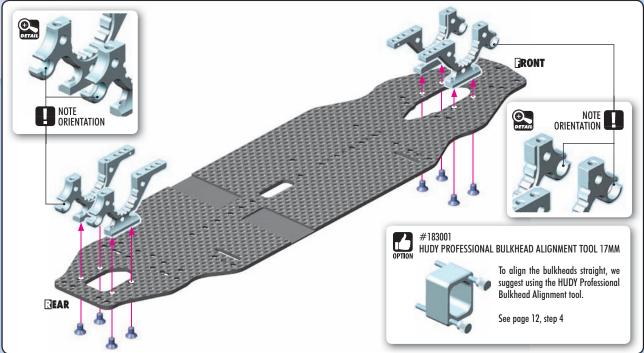
T4'20 ALU TOP DECK MOUNT

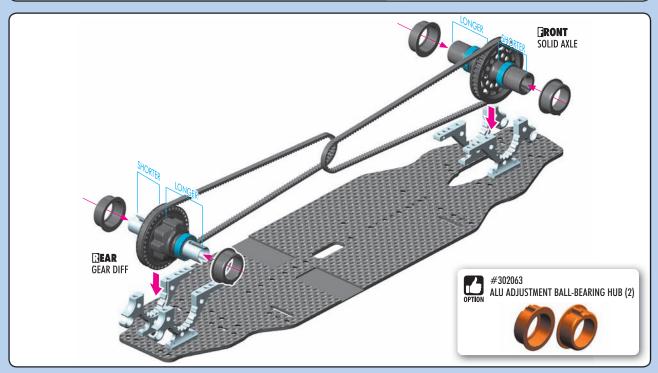
HEX SCREW SH M3x5 (10)

HEX SCREW SH M3x4 SMALL HEAD - STAINLESS (10)

CENTRAL TRANSMISSION



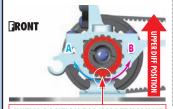






Front diff **UPPER** position - tab in bottom notch - provides more steering, but less front traction

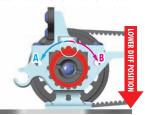
Recommended for **medium-high** traction tracks and technical tracks.



INITIAL POSITION FOR CARPET/ASPHALT Place tab in this BOTTOM NOTCH

Front diff **LOWER** position - tab in top notch - provides more front traction, but makes the car push on-power.

Recommended for low-traction tracks.



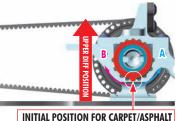
TO LOOSEN FRONT BELT: Rotate both front nylon hubs in arrow direction A

TO TIGHTEN FRONT BELT: Rotate both front nylon hubs in arrow direction B

REAR BELT TENSION ADJUSTMENT

Rear diff UPPER position - tab in bottom notch provides more on-power steering, but makes the rear slightly more loose.

Recommended for medium-high traction tracks.



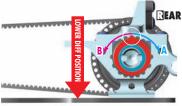
Place tab in this BOTTOM NOTCH

push on-power. Recommended for low-medium traction tracks.

Rear diff **LOWER** position - tab in top notch - provides

more rear traction (mainly on-power), makes the

car more stable in chicanes, but makes the car



TO LOOSEN REAR BELT: Rotate both rear nylon hubs in arrow direction A

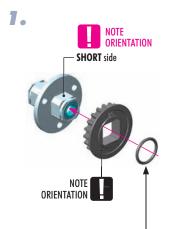
TO TIGHTEN REAR BELT: Rotate both rear nylon hubs in arrow direction B

2. CENTRAL TRANSMISSION





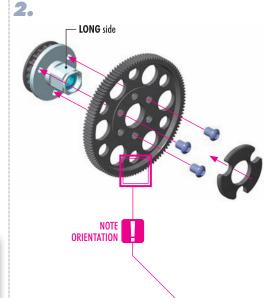


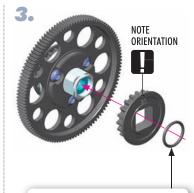


#966081 CH-CLIP 8 (10) INCLUDED IN THE LAST AID BAG

Another alternative to secure the pulley on the layshaft is to use the Clip which is included in the "Last Aid" Bag. To mount the clip on the layshaft, you have to use special Snap Ring Pliers.

Snap Ring Pliers





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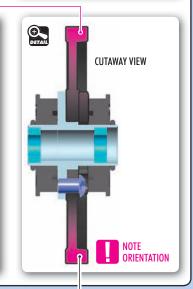


	OFFSET SPUR GEARS 48P		
OPTION	#305772	72T	OPTION
	#305776	76T	OPTION
	#305778	78T	OPTION
	#305779	79T	OPTION
	#305781	81T	OPTION
	#305784	84T	OPTION
	#305784-0	84T	OPTION

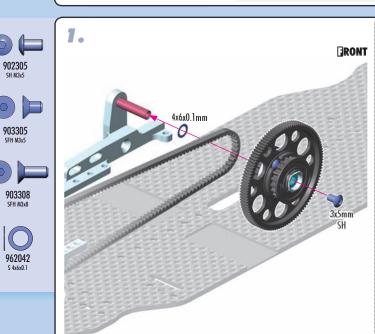


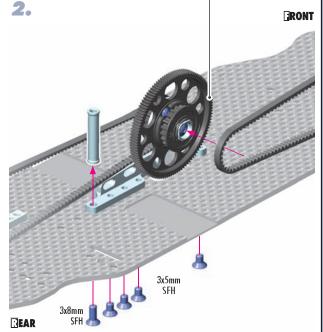
90T	OPTION
92T	OPTION
96T	OPTION
96T	OPTION
99T	OPTION
100T	OPTION
100T	OPTION
104T	OPTION
106T	OPTION
108T	OPTION
110T	INCLUDED
110T	OPTION
112T	OPTION
114T	OPTION
	92T 96T 96T 99T 100T 100T 104T 106T 110T 1112T

OFFSET SPUR GEARS 64P









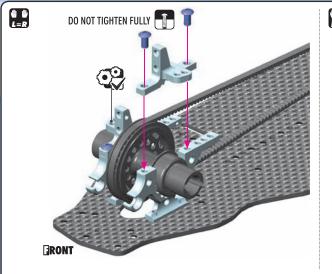


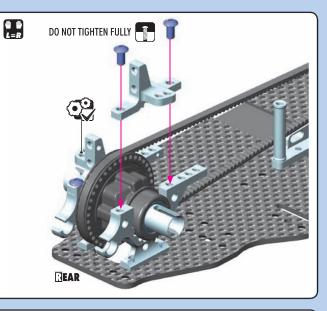


REAR

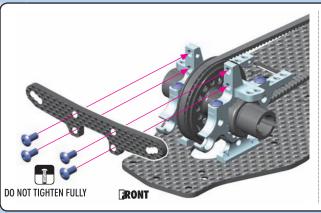
2. CENTRAL TRANSMISSION

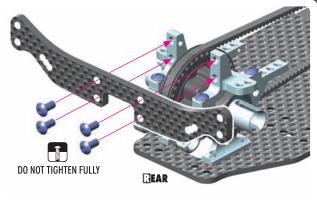


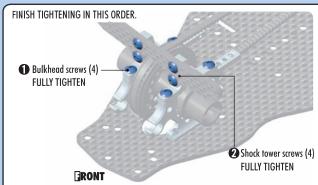


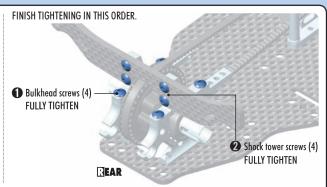


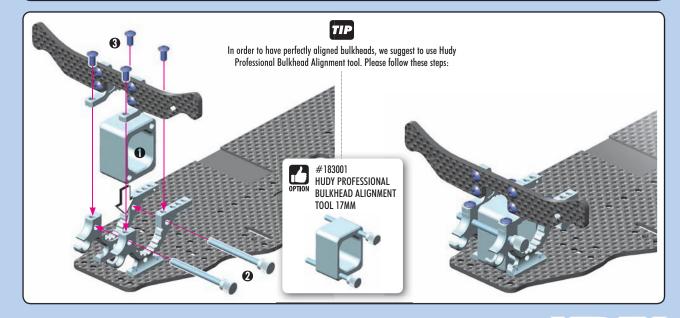




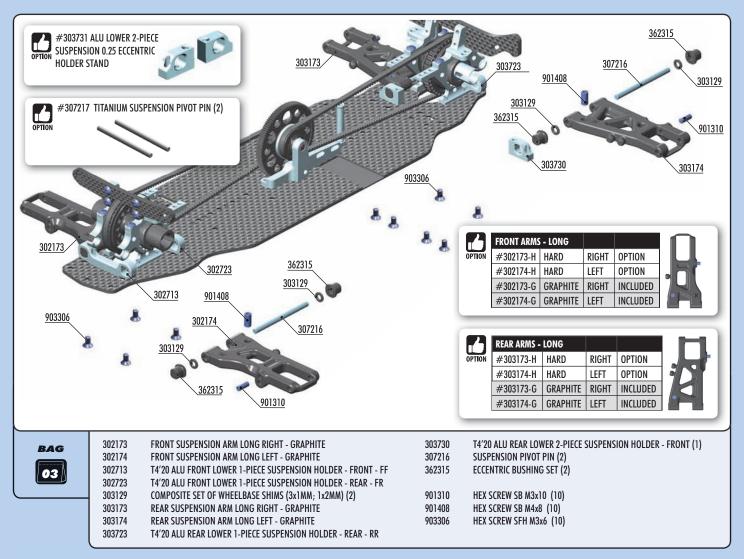


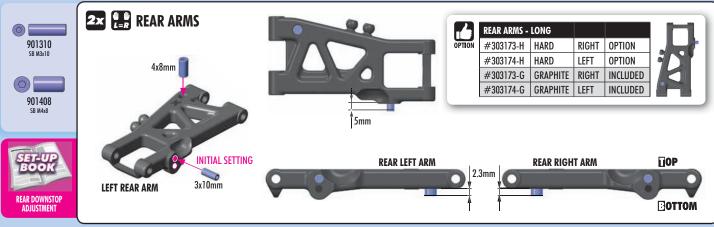


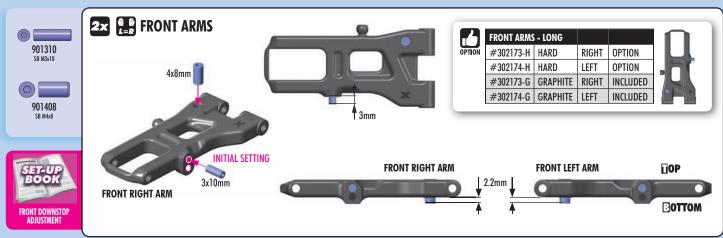




3. FRONT & REAR SUSPENSION

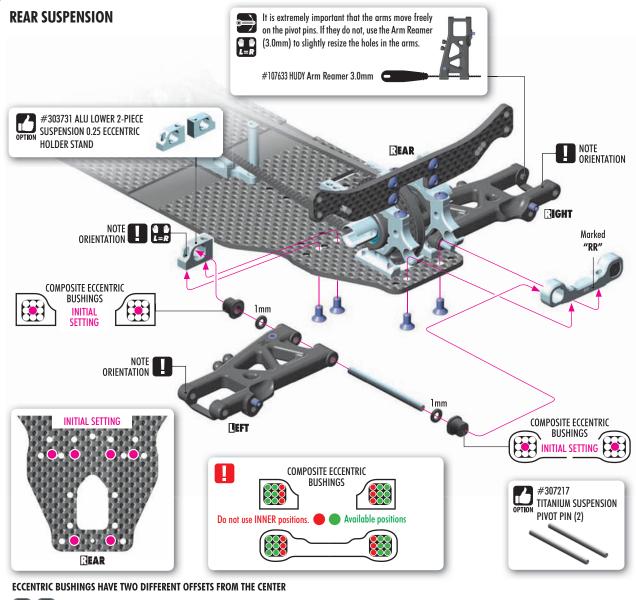






3. FRONT & REAR SUSPENSION



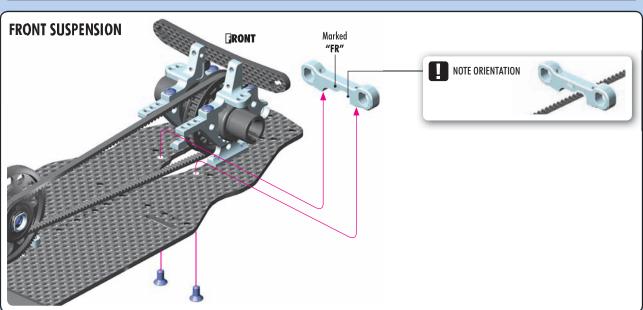




Outer position = 1mm or 1° from center

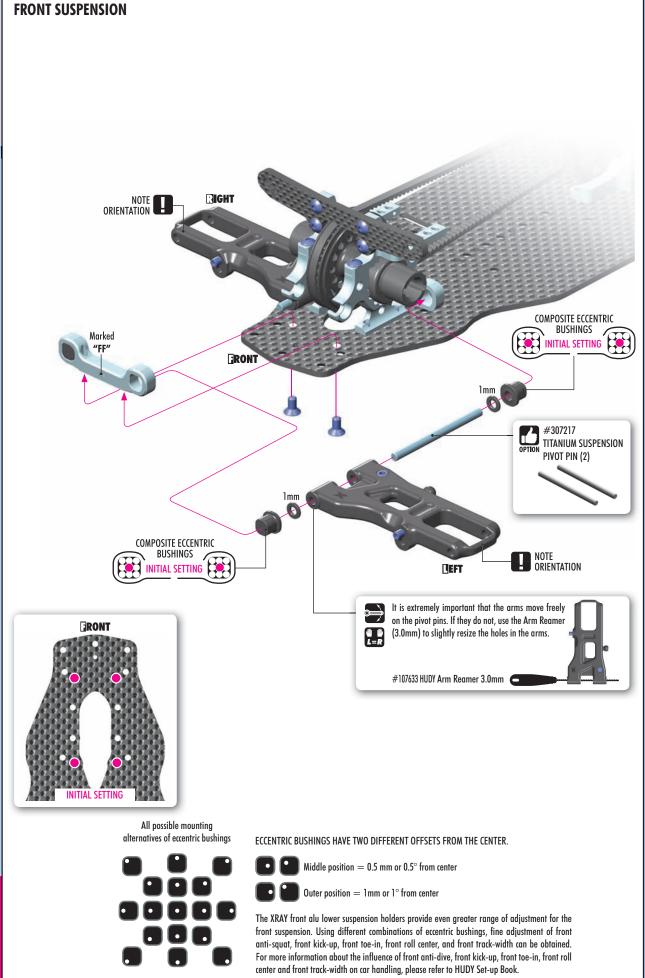
The XRAY rear alu lower suspension holders provide even greater range of adjustment for the rear suspension. Using different combinations of eccentric bushings, fine adjustment of rear squat, rear toe-in, rear roll center, and rear track-width can be obtained. For more information about the influence of rear squat, rear toe-in, rear roll center and rear track-width on car handling, please refer to HUDY Set-up Book (#209100).





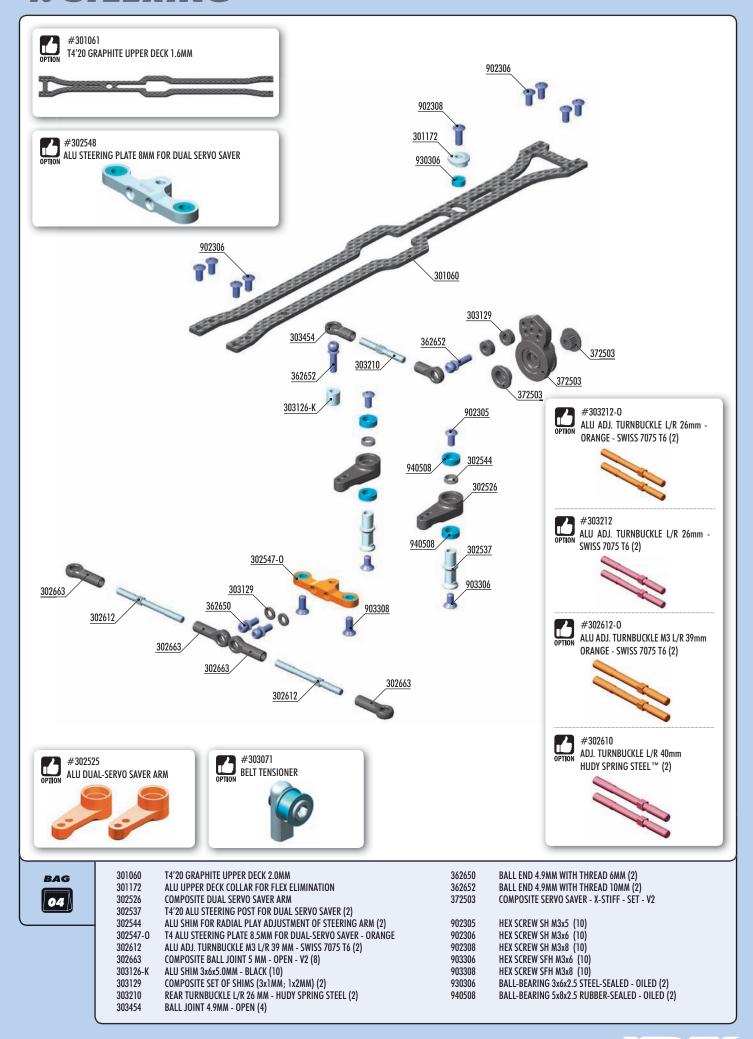
3. FRONT & REAR SUSPENSION

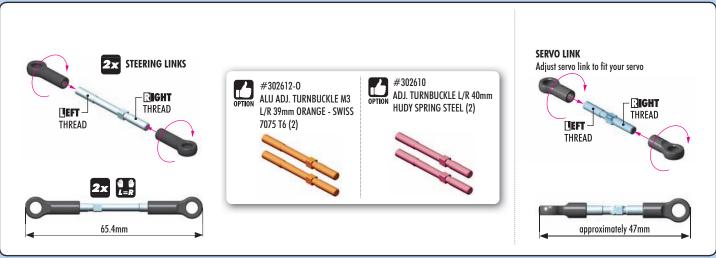




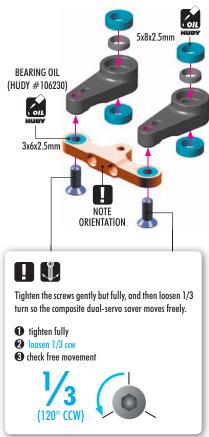


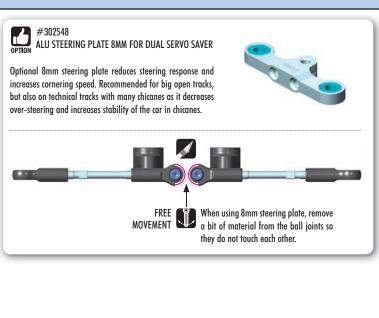
4. STEERING

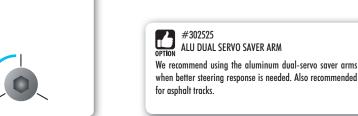






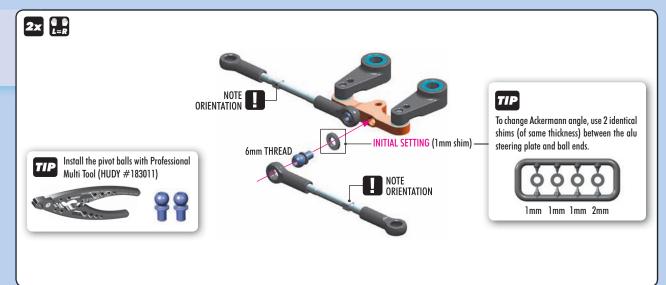








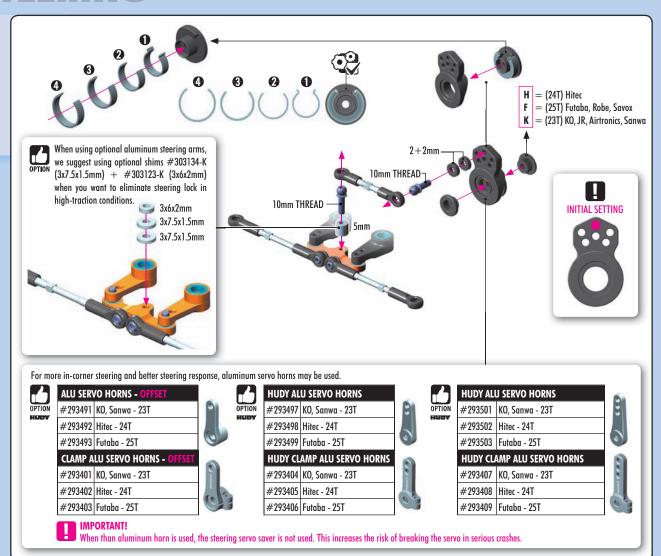


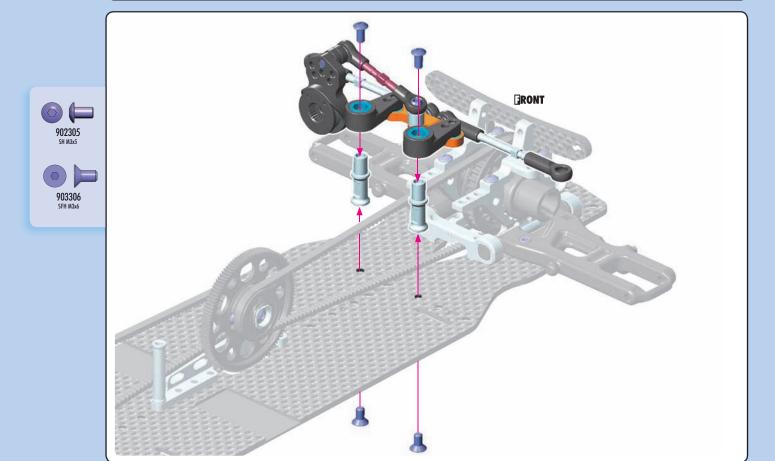


4. STEERING



303126-K SHIM 3x6x5







TOP DECK FLEX SETTINGS

The new feature of the top deck is the flex setting adjustment.

There are three different flex setting alternatives.

SOFT



Post is not connected to the top deck. This allows maximum flex setting and provides maximum steering characteristics. However, the car is less stable on-power.

MEDIUM

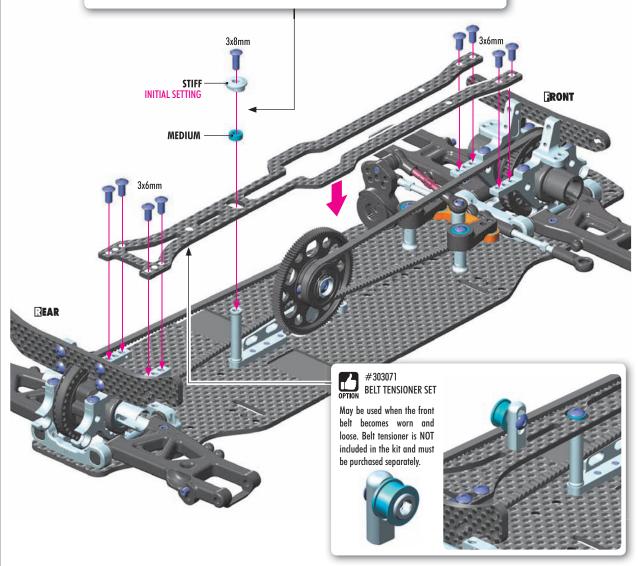


Post is connected to the top deck via ball bearing. This allows the top deck to flex to the sides but not to the front/rear. This setting eliminates a bit of steering but improves stability.

STIFF



Post is connected to the top deck via aluminum bushing. This setting provides maximum stability as it stiffens the entire car and eliminates flex to sides and front/rear.



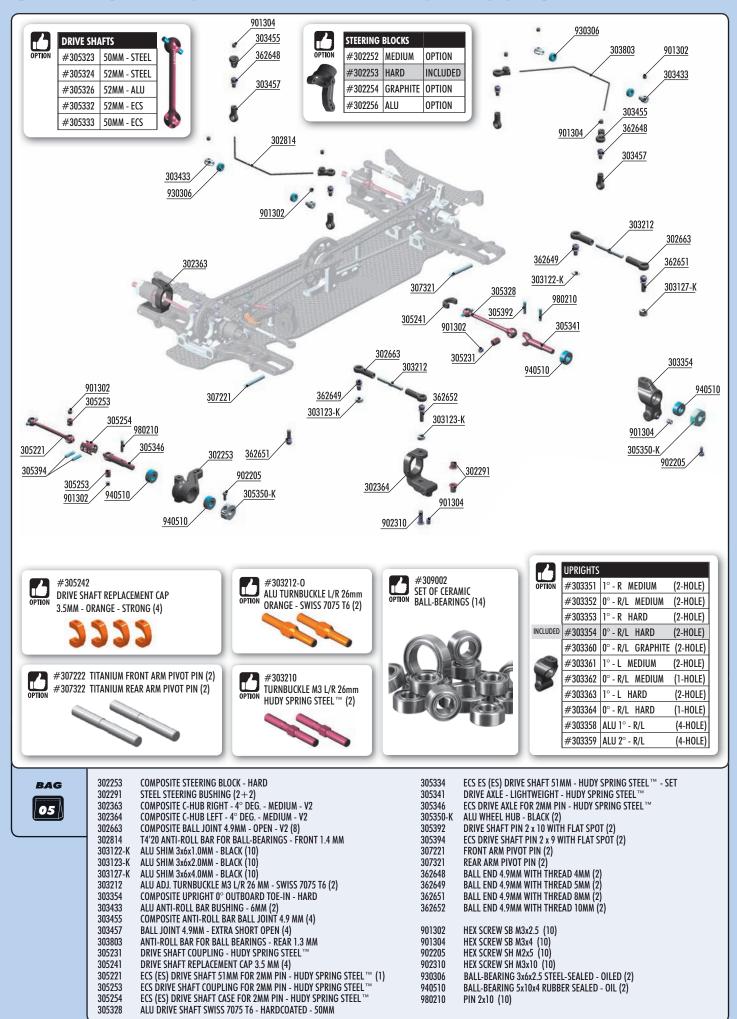




#301061 T4'20 GRAPHITE TOP DECK 1.6MM

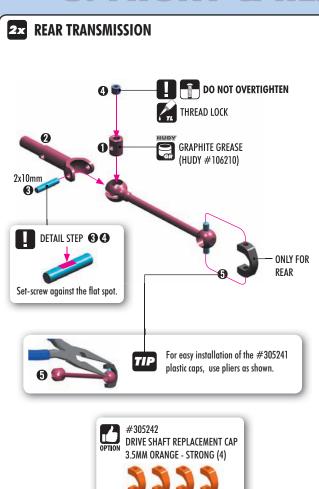


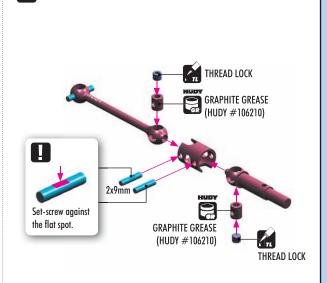
We recommend using optional 1.6mm top deck for super-low traction conditions or in combination with aluminum chassis as it provides more overall traction and steering.



2x FRONT TRANSMISSION

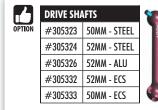






ECS DRIVE SHAFTS

ECS drive shafts are available in 51 mm length in kit, or optional 50mm & 52mm lengths. The ECS drive shafts were developed to decrease front wheel vibration when racing with a solid front axle, thus providing a much smoother and quieter ride and increased steering.



REAR TRANSMISSION

Longer drive shafts (52mm) make the car easier to drive because they give more traction and better stability, mainly in chicanes. However, the car will understeer more than with shorter (50mm) shafts which give a lot of steering and make the car more aggressive. Both left & right shafts should ALWAYS be the same length at one end of the car (front or rear).

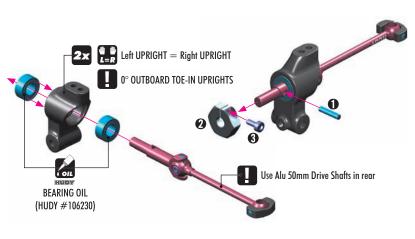
52mm shafts are recommended for **carpet high-traction** tracks.

51mm shafts are recommended for carpet tracks and large asphalt tracks.

50mm shafts are recommended for low-traction or tight asphalt tracks.

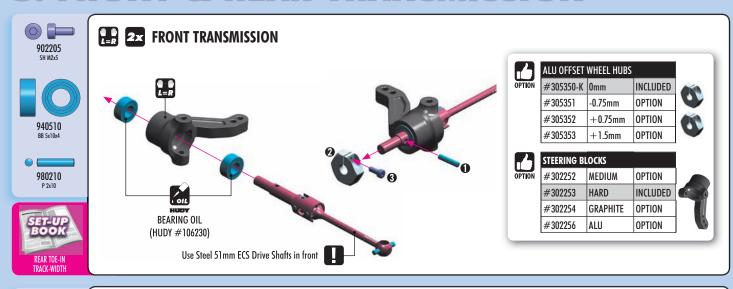
The new 51 mm drive shafts which are included in the kit are the best compromise between 50 and 52mm lengths.



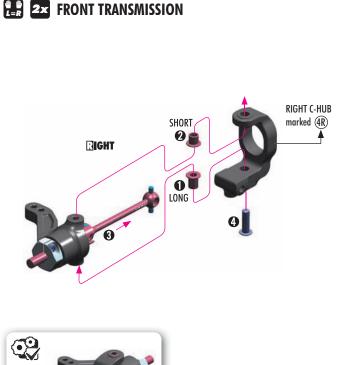


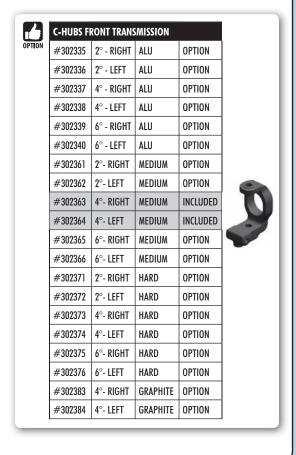
.6 1	UPRIGHTS		
OPTION	#303351	1°-R MEDIUM	(2-HOLE)
	#303352	0° - R/L MEDIUM	(2-HOLE)
	#303353	1°-R HARD	(2-HOLE)
NCLUDED	#303354	0° - R/L HARD	(2-HOLE)
	#303360	0° - R/L GRAPHITE	(2-HOLE)
	#303361	1°-L MEDIUM	(2-HOLE)
3	#303362	0° - R/L MEDIUM	(1-HOLE)
	#303363	1°-L HARD	(2-HOLE)
	#303364	0° - R/L HARD	(1-HOLE)
	#303358	ALU 1° - R/L	(4-HOLE)
	#303359	ALU 2° - R/L	(4-HOLE)





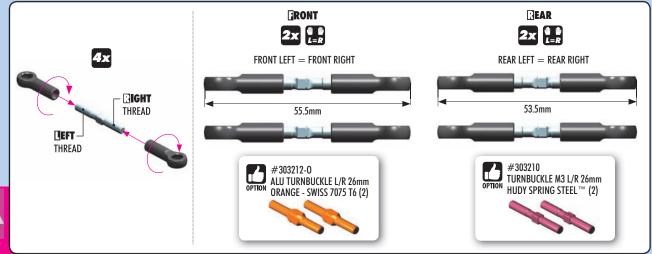




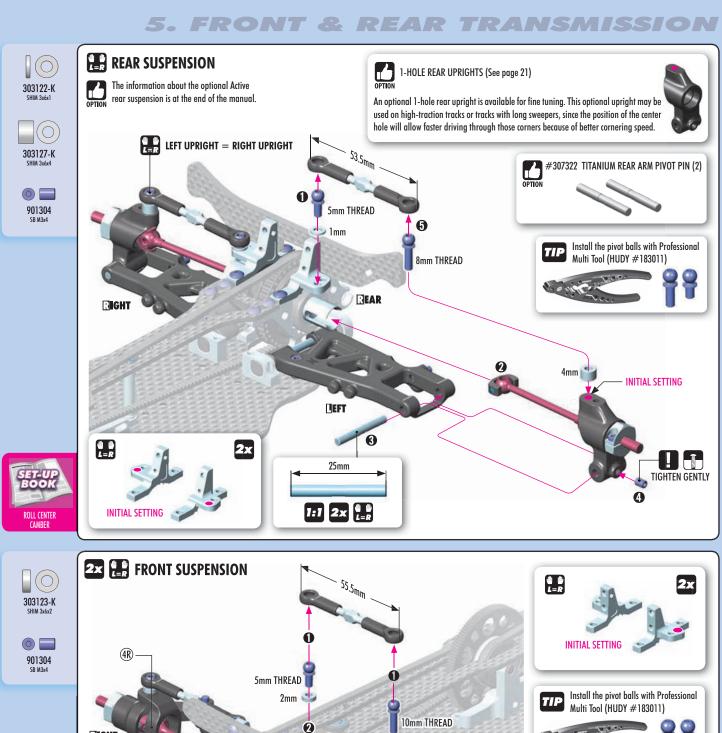


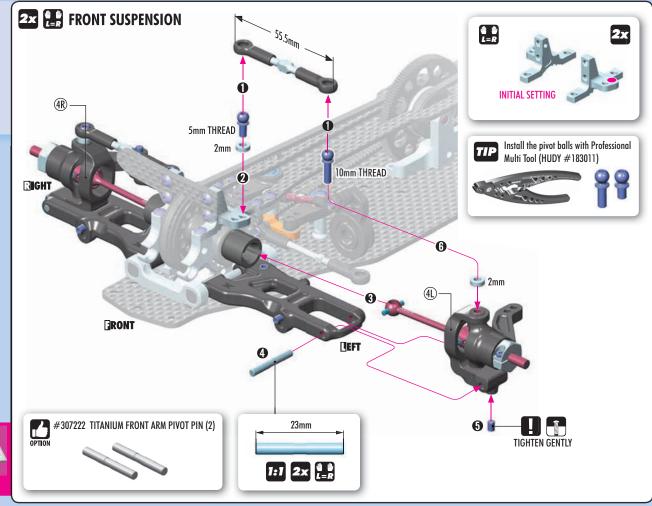




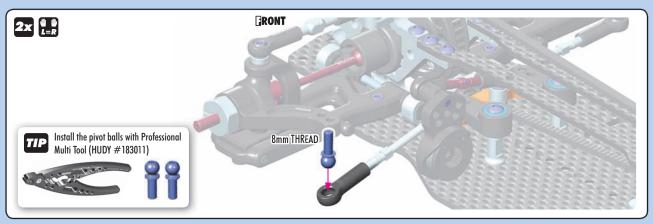


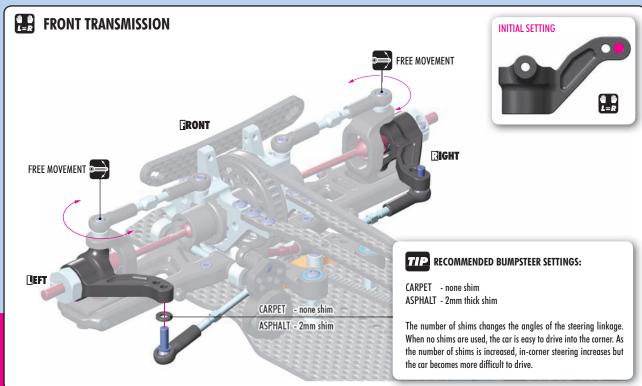






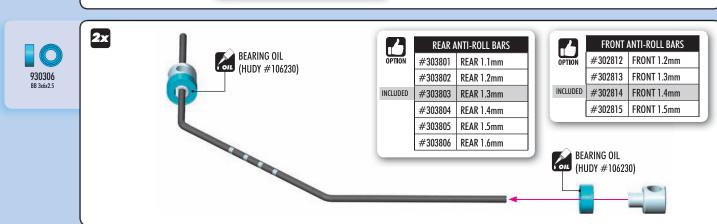


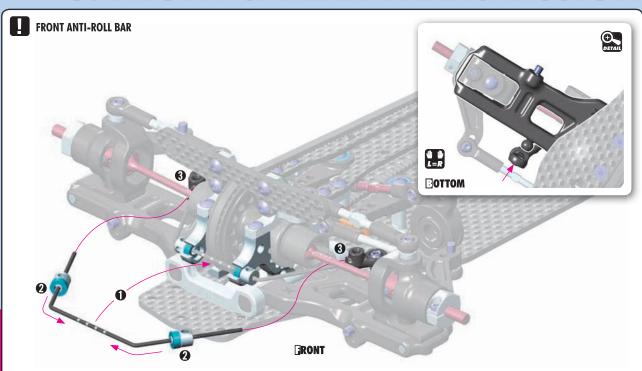








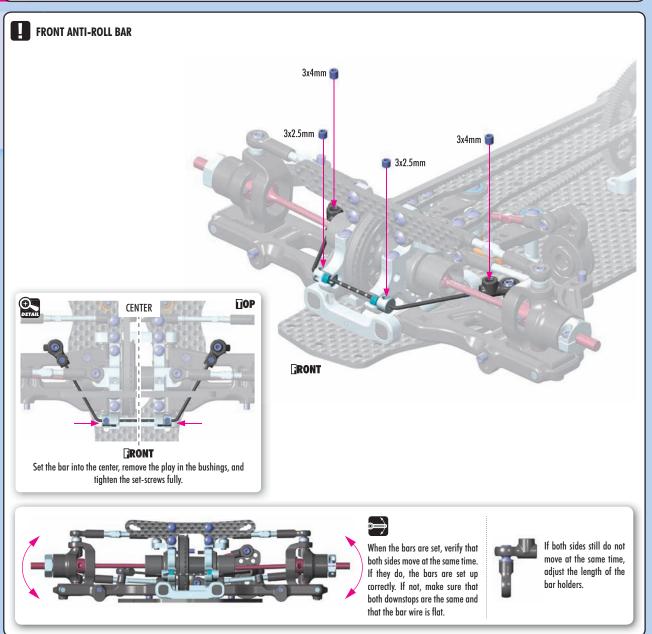


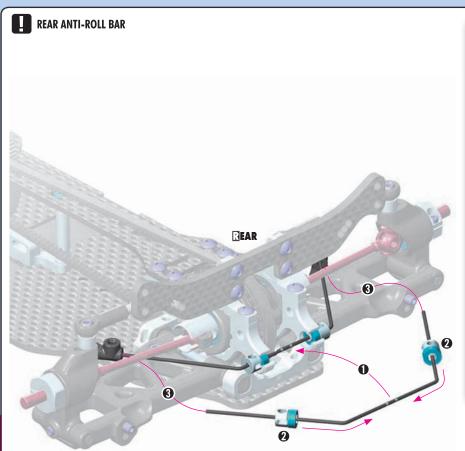














ANTI-ROLL BAR POSITION

INITIAL SETTING = OUTER BALL

Use the OUTER ball on medium-high traction tracks. The car will roll less which will make it easier to drive with more cornering speed.

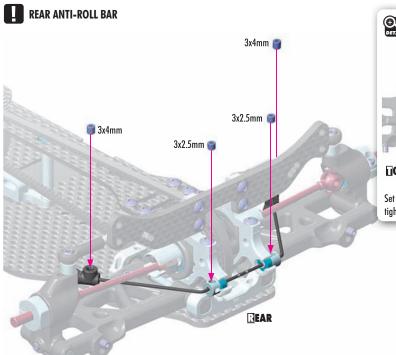
Use the INNER ball on low-traction tracks (mainly low-traction carpet tracks). The car will have more traction & more steering, but will be more difficult to drive because the car will roll more.

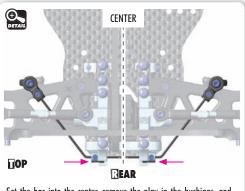




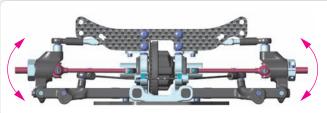








Set the bar into the center, remove the play in the bushings, and tighten the set-screws fully.



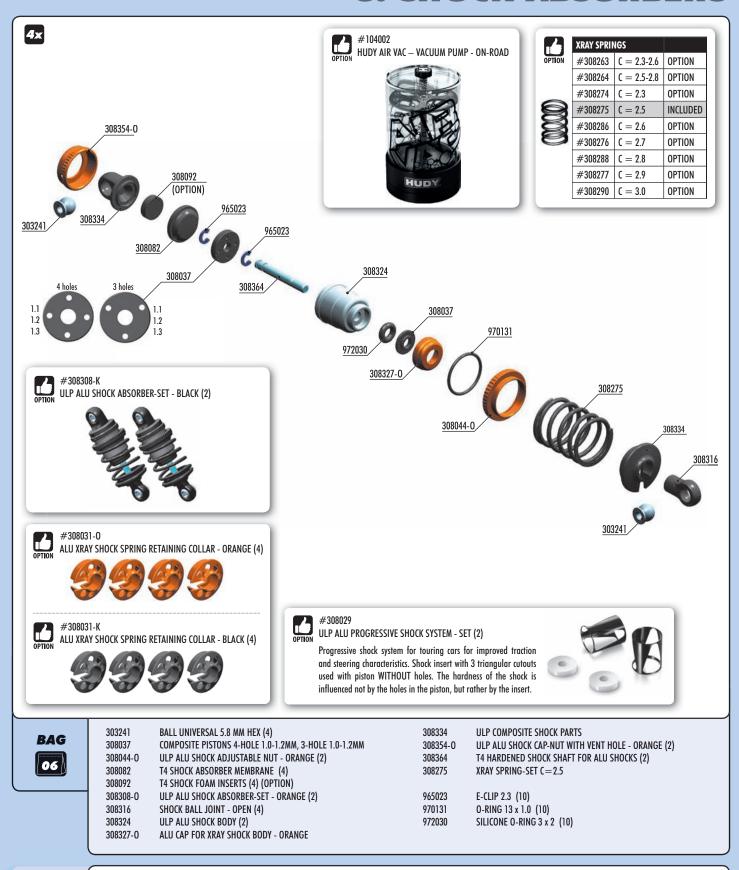


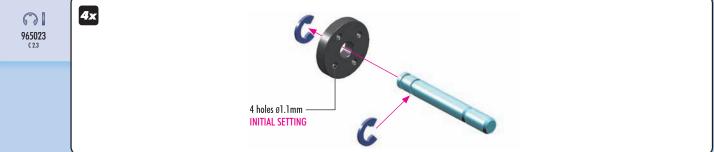
When the bars are set, verify that both sides move at the same time. If they do, the bars are set up correctly. If not, make sure that both downstops are the same and that the bar wire is flat.



If both sides still do not move at the same time, adjust the length of the bar holders.

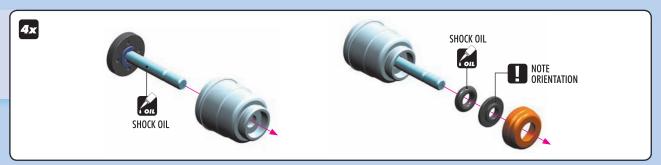
6. SHOCK ABSORBERS



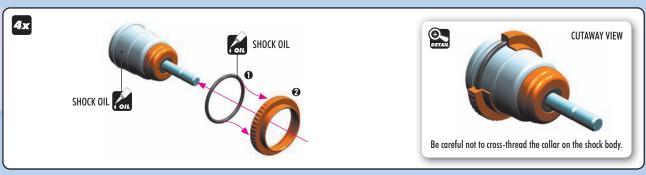


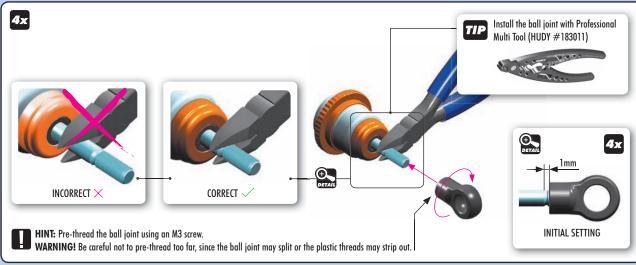
6. SHOCK ABSORBERS

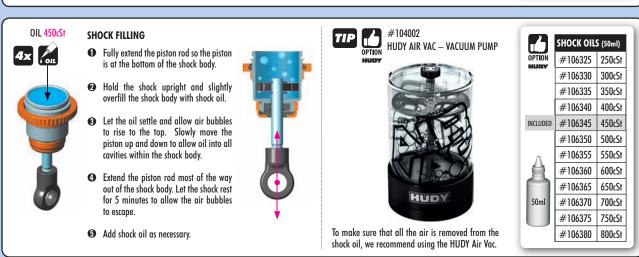


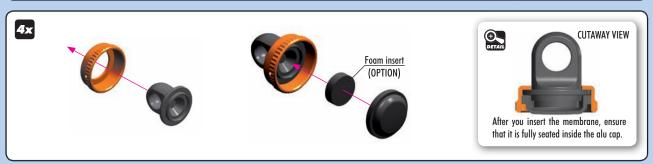




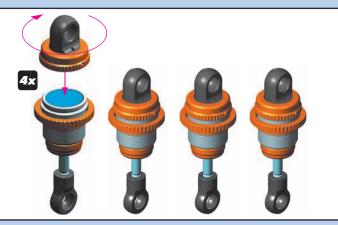




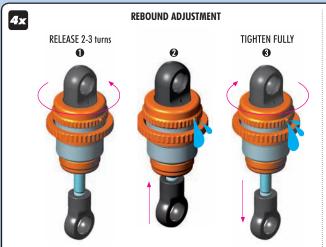




- When installing the shock cap assembly on the shock body, some oil will leak out... this is normal.
- 2 Tighten the cap and clean off any excess oil.
- After the shock is assembled, the shock rod will push itself out of the shock body fairly quickly.
- 4 Follow the next procedure to adjust the rebound.





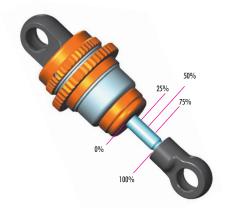


AFTER THE SHOCK IS ASSEMBLED YOU HAVE TO SET THE SHOCK REBOUND:

- Release the shock cap by 2-3 turns.
- Push the shock shaft fully up. For the first time the extra oil will release through the hole in the alu cap-nut.
- Tighten the shock cup. When tightening the shock cap, extra oil will again release through the hole in the alu cap - nut. When tightening, the shock shaft will push out from the shock body.



REBOUND CHECK



REBOUND CHECK:

It is very important to push the shock shaft into the shock body slowly otherwise air can come into the shock body which would create bubles.

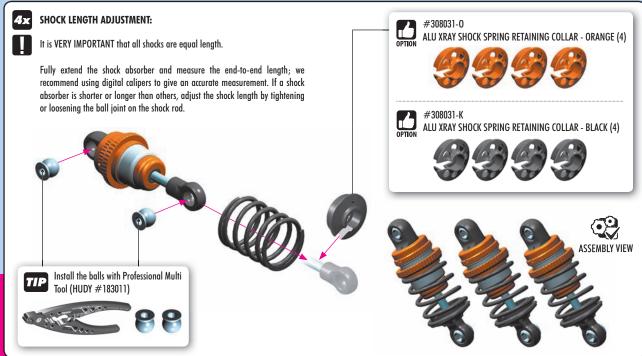
100% rebound - do not do step 2 and 3

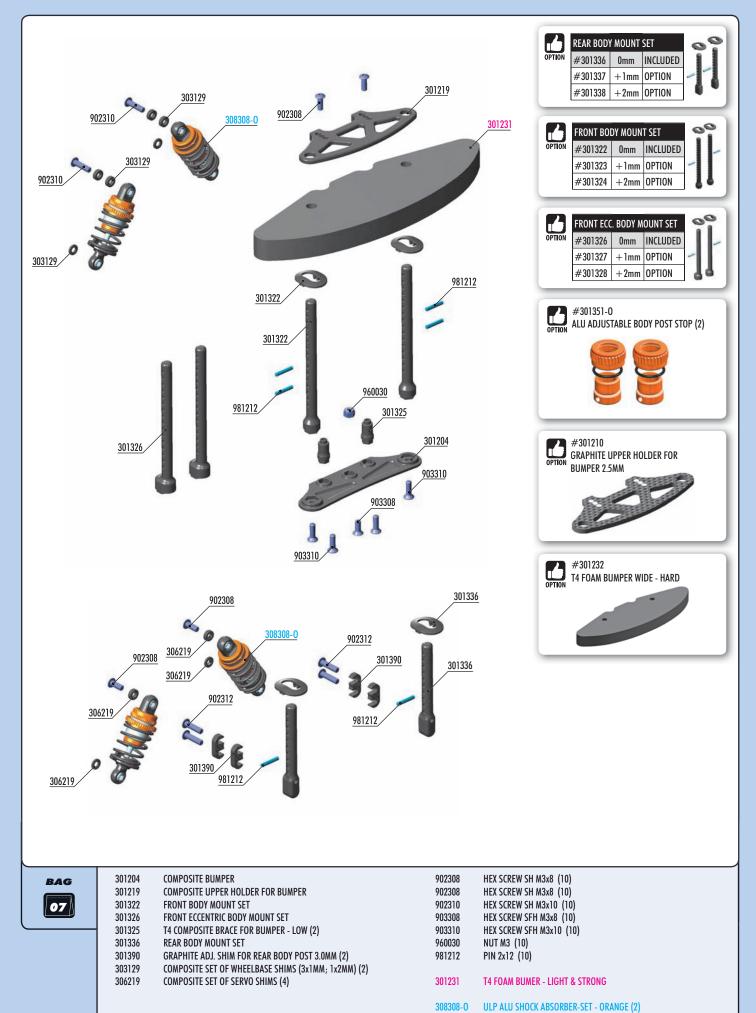
 $75\% \qquad \text{rebound - repeat steps 1 to 3} \quad \text{until the shock shaft will push out } 75\% \text{ of its length}$

50% rebound - repeat steps 1 to 3 until the shock shaft will push out 50% of its length

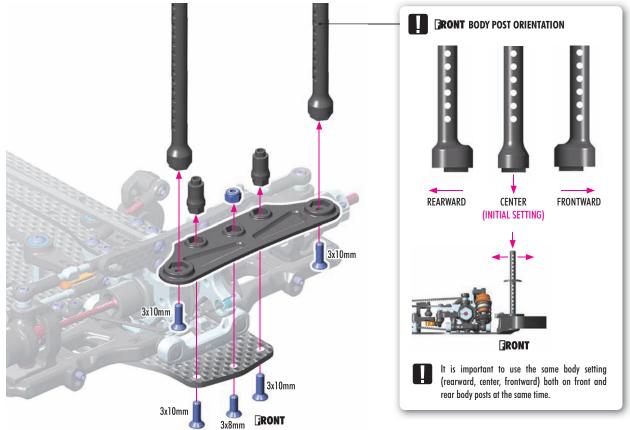
25% rebound - repeat steps 1 to 3 until the shock shaft will push out 25% of its length rebound - repeat steps 1 to 3 until the shock shaft will push out 0% of its length

If the shock shaft does not rebound enough, you will have to refill the shock with shock oil, and then repeat the bleeding and rebound adjustment procedure.







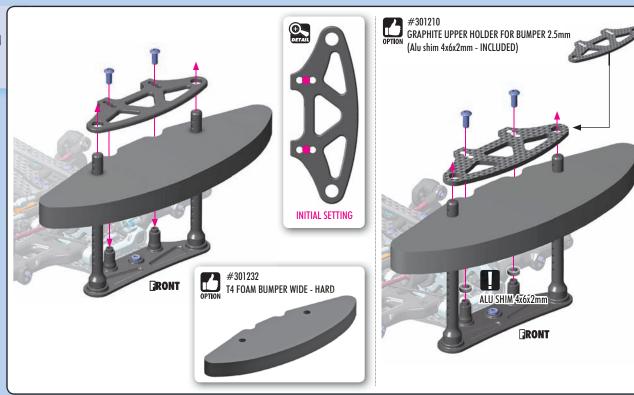


TIP

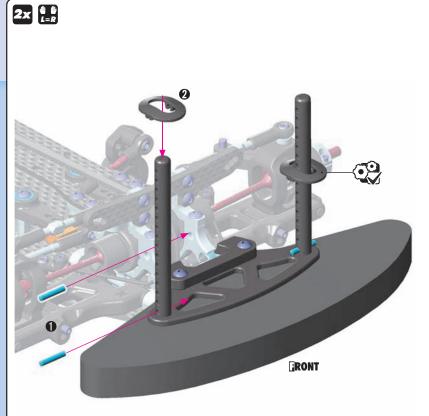
This new, innovative & unique feature allows adjustment of the body position for all kind of surfaces, traction conditions, touring classes, using only one body. There are three different body positions; rearward, center, and forward. Depending on the conditions the body posts position can be easily changed which allows the body to be moved.

- The body in the REARWARD POSITION makes the car super stable and very easy to drive. It makes the car easier to drive over chicanes and be more predictable in high-traction conditions.
- The body in the CENTER POSITION makes the car more aggressive and steer faster, but is a bit more difficult to drive in low-grip conditions.
- The body in the FORWARD POSITION is the most aggressive. It makes the car steer a lot, but is more difficult to drive when the traction is high or when the track has a lot of chicanes.



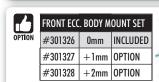


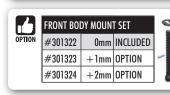






Very handy, easily externally adjustable body post from Swiss 7075 T6 aluminum. Allows for adjustment of body height by 3mm without needing to change the position on the body post.

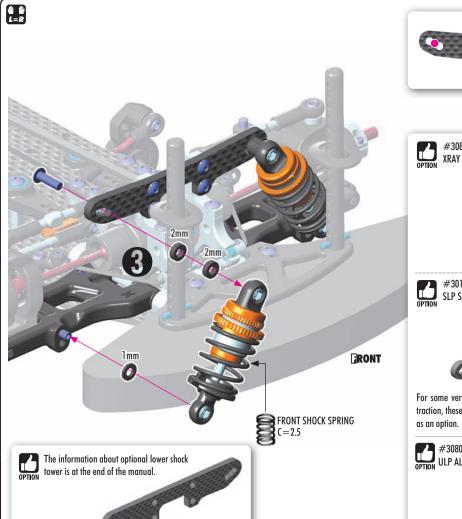






















For some very specific racing conditions like extremely-low traction, these SLP shocks with SLP shock tower are available $\,$

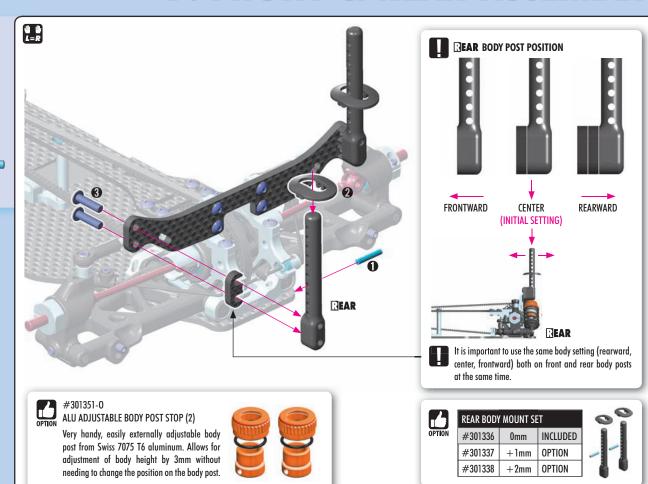


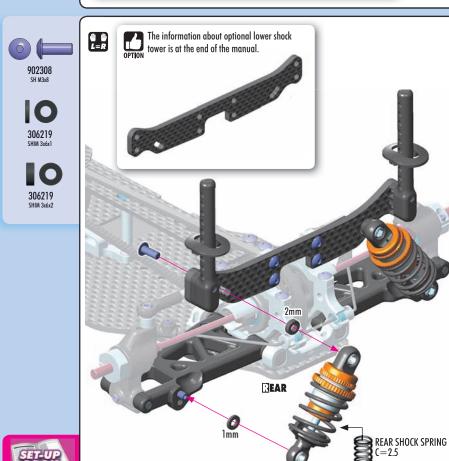
#308039 ULP ALU PROGRESSIVE SHOCK SYSTEM - SET (2)







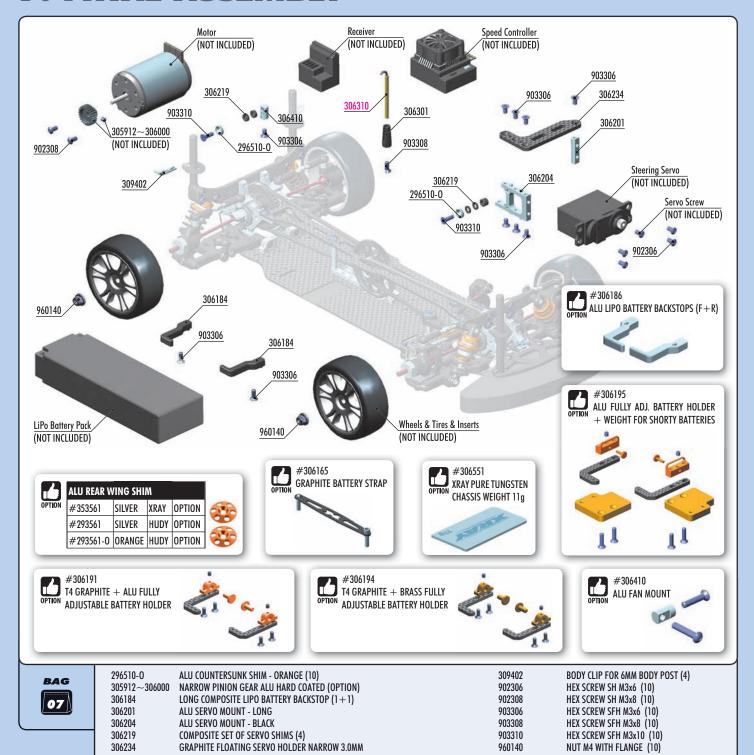


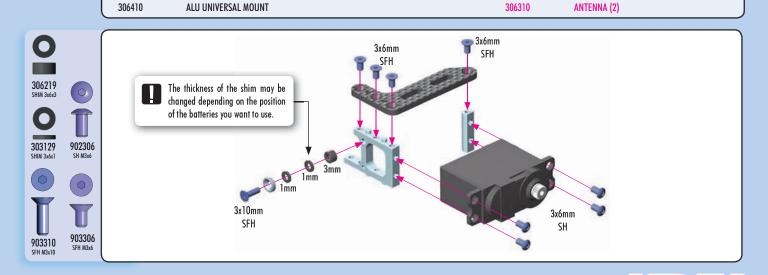






7. FINAL ASSEMBLY

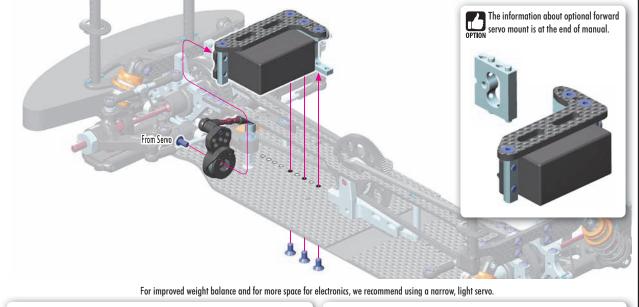




ANTENNA MOUNT - THIN

306301





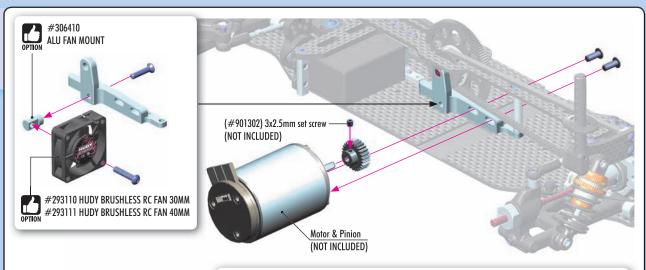


When adjusting steering on the radio, we recommend using full steering adjustment in order to get the best steering from the car. It is important to verify that the steering block does not touch the C-hub; that would lead to chassis tweak due to extra servo strain.



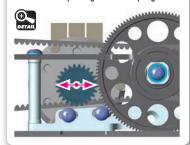
Attach servo arm to servo output shaft using screw from servo. Servo saver must be perpendicular to chassis when servo is in neutral.



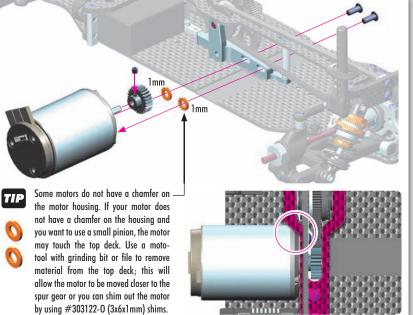


Adjust the motor so the pinion meshes with the spur gear properly. Make sure the gear mesh is not too tight.

There should be a small amount of play between the teeth of the pinion gear and the spur gear.



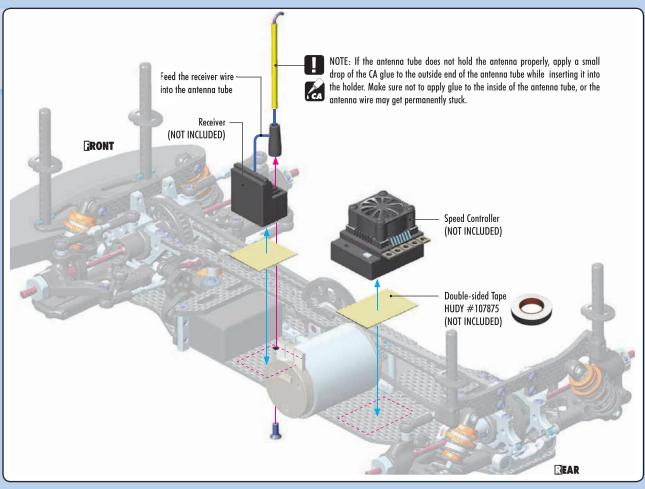
Some motors do not have a chamfer on the motor housing. If your motor does not have a chamfer on the housing and you want to use a small pinion, the motor may touch the top deck. Use a moto-tool with grinding bit or file to remove material from the top deck; this will allow the motor to be moved closer to the spur gear or you can shim out the motor by using #303122-0 (3x6x1mm) shims.

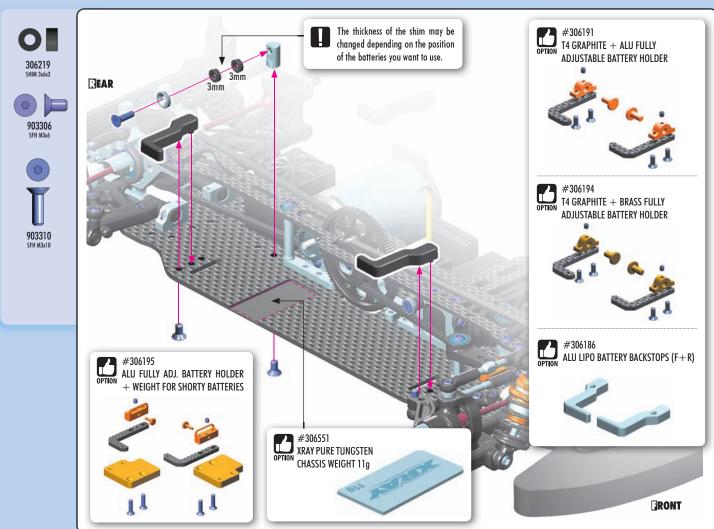




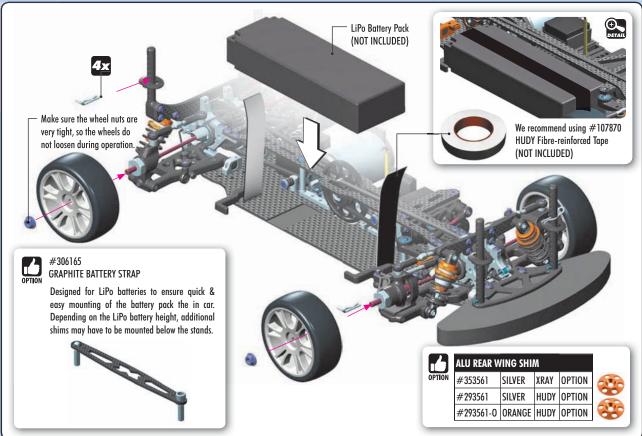
7. FINAL ASSEMBLY





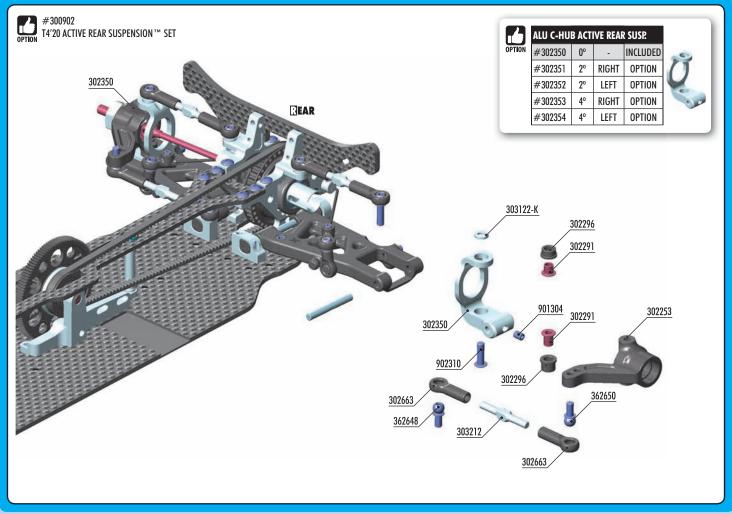








EXTRA INFORMATION ABOUT OPTIONAL PARTS FOR T4'20



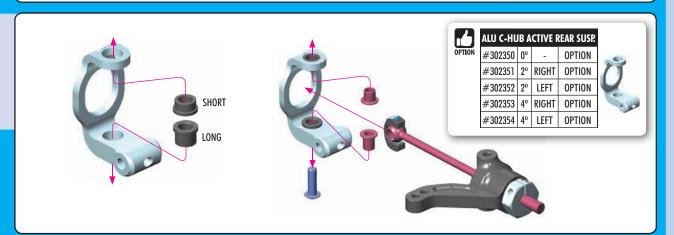




	ALU WHEEL HUBS - OFFSET		
INCLUDED	#305350-K	(0 mm)	
61.	#305351	(-0.75 mm)	
6	#305352	(+0.75 mm)	
	#305353	(+1.5 mm)	

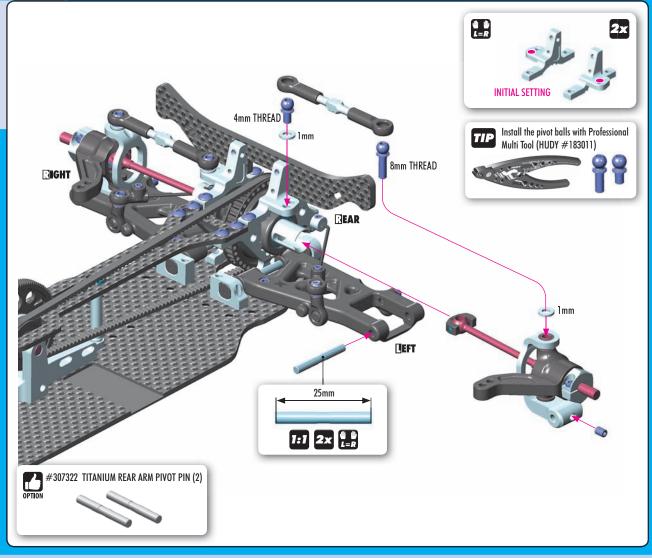
	STEERING BLOCKS	
B	#302252	MEDIUM
INCLUDED	#302253	HARD
	#302254	GRAPHITE
	#302256	ALU











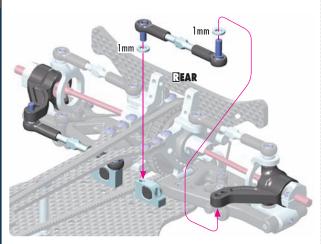




ARS™ MOUNTING ALTERNATIVES

There are two alternatives how to mount ARS linkage. Depending if you want to have increased or decreased toe-in when the car is pressed

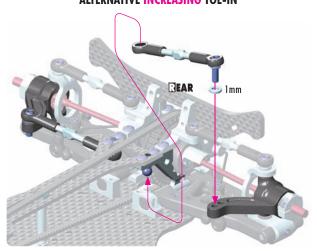
ALTERNATIVE DECREASING TOE-IN



The link is mounted from the bottom of the steering block to the RF suspension holder. With this setting, the toe-in decreases when the car is pressed. This means that if you set the toe-in to 3°, then when the car enters the corner, the toe-in decreases which increases cornering speed but decreases rear traction. Recommended for medium-high traction conditions.

By adding more shims under steering block, the toe-in is more decreasing under pressing the rar

ALTERNATIVE INCREASING TOE-IN



The link is mounted from the top of the steering block to the bulkhead. With this setting, the toe-in increases when the car is pressed. This means that if you set the toe-in to 3° , then when the car enters the corner, the toe-in increases which increases rear traction and stability but generates more push. Recommended for low-medium traction conditions.

By adding more shims on the top of the steering block, the toe-in is more increasing under pressing the $\mbox{\it car}.$



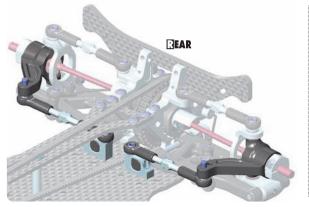
When using the ARS mounting alternative, mount the ball joints to the bulkheads before mounting the bulkheads to the chassis.

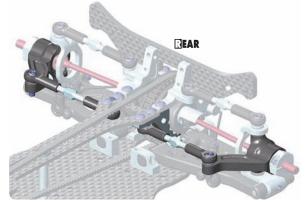


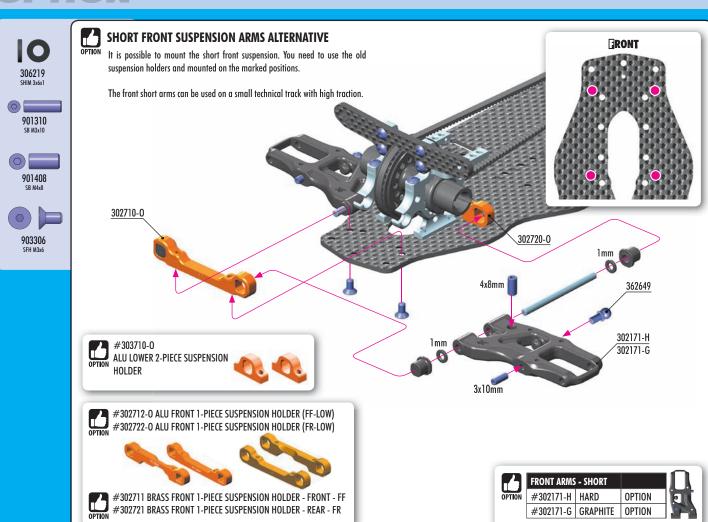
The optional ARS aluminum C-hubs were redesigned to work with the new T4'20 rear suspension geometry and are available in $0^{\circ} \mid 2^{\circ} \mid 4^{\circ}$ caster.

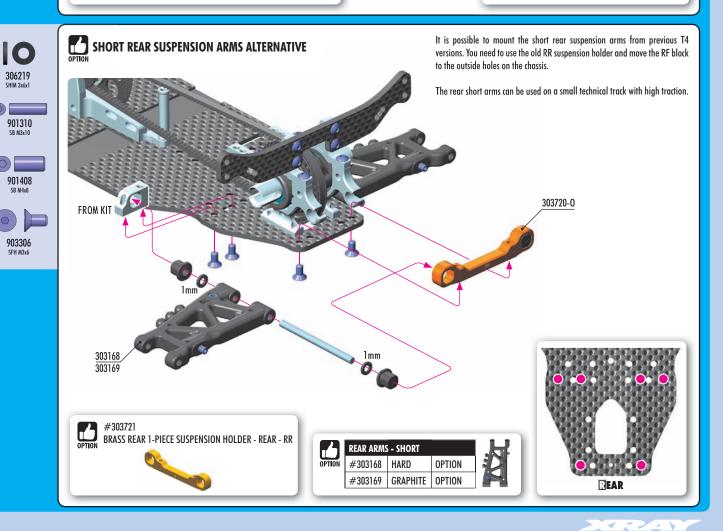
ALU C-HUB ACTIVE REAR SUSPENSION™		
00	C-hub is recommended for high-tratcion conditions as it generates greater off-power steering, rotation and cornering speed.	
2°	C-hub angled toward the front of the car helps to generate more traction but in the same time generates more off-power steering and cornering speed compared to standard rear suspension. Recommended for medium-traction conditions.	
Ø 4°	C-hub angled toward the front of the car generates maximum traction. Recommended for very-low-traction conditions. As the wheelbase will be shortened a lot with this setting, it is recommended to lengthen the rear wheelbase by moving the rear arms fully back.	

The effect of the toe-in change can be checked on a set-up station. Set the desired toe-in, than press the car to the ground and check how much the toe-in changes and in which direction.









SHIM 3x6x1













902306 SH M3x6



903306 SFH M3x6

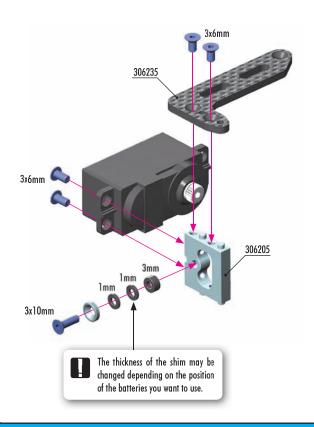


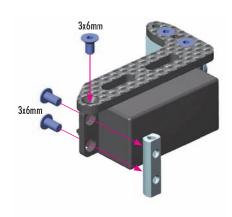
903310 SFH M3x10

FLOATING FORWARD MOUNT SERVO HOLDER

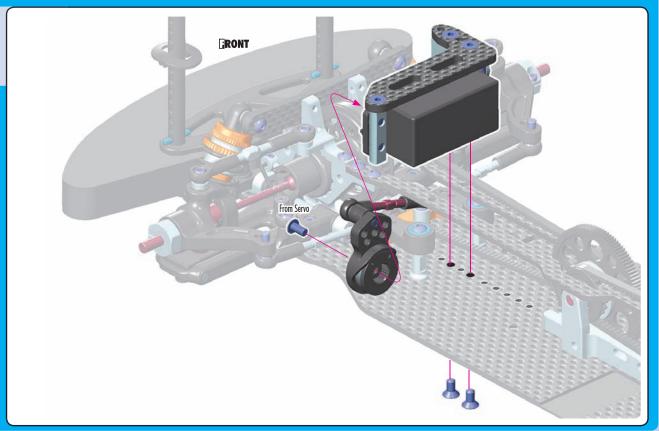
Optional floating forward mount servo holder set allows mounting of the servo holder to the chassis more forward which leads to increased steering and steering response.

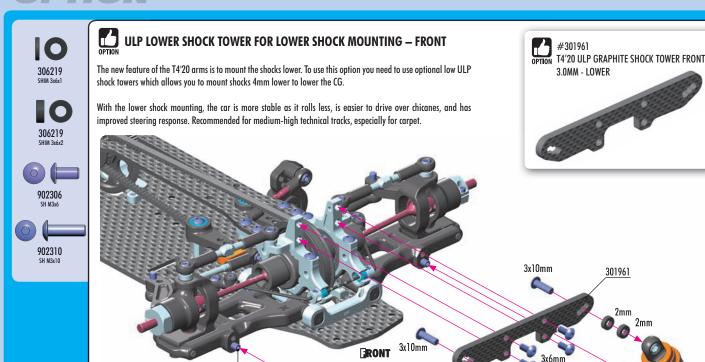
Recommended for conditions where better steering response is needed. Makes the car more reactive but less stable.



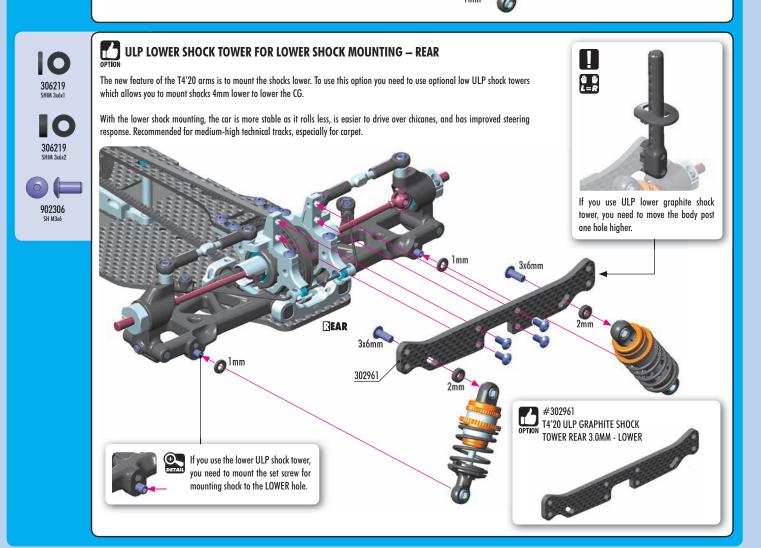


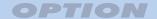




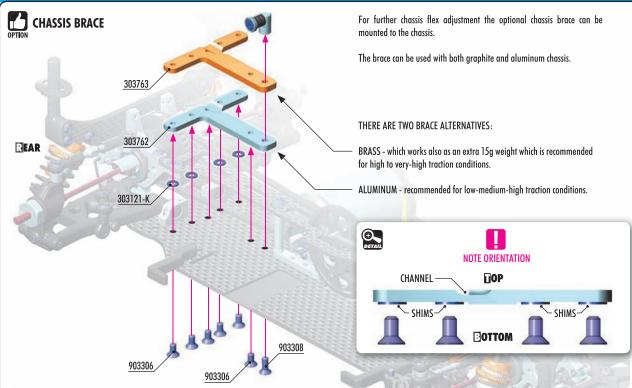


If you use the lower ULP shock tower, you need to mount the set screw for mounting shock to the LOWER hole.





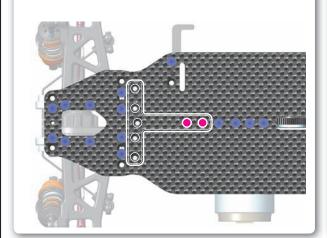




THE BRACE ALLOWS GREAT CHASSIS FLEX ADJUSTMENT POSSIBILITIES DEPENDING ON WHICH SCREWS ARE CONNECTED

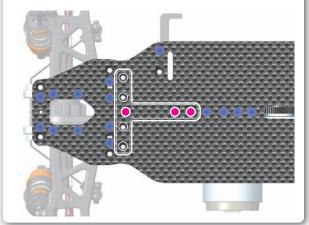


Install only the first two screws as shown. Improves on-power stability.



MEDIUM

Install all screws along chassis center line. Generates more stability and traction.

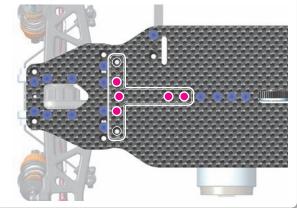


STIFF

Install all screws along center line plus inner side holes. Generates more off-power steering and rotation.

IMPORTANT!

When installing screws on the sides, add shims between the brace and the chassis.

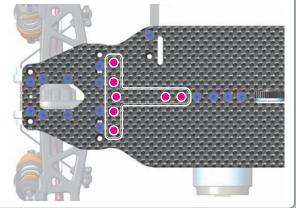


XTRA STIFF

Install brace with all 7 screws. Recommended for high-traction conditions, gives a lot of off-power steering and rotation.

IMPORTANT!

When installing screws on the sides, add shims between the brace and the chassis.











































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